

Analysis and evaluation of power quality aspects in a low-voltage network with regard to a high penetration of decentralized generation and charging infrastructure

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CONSULTING & IT



ENERGY



ENVIRONMENT



WATER & INFRASTRUCTURE

Content

- Motivation
- Technical standards
- Grid details
- Grid modelling
 - Photovoltaic systems
 - Households
 - Electric vehicles (EV)
- Results
- Conclusion

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Technical standards for harmonics

Technical standard	Application	Threshold of the 5 th Harmonic as example	Basis
DIN EN 50160	Low voltage network	6.0 %	Fundamental component of the voltage U_1
DIN EN 61000-3-12	Photovoltaic system	10.7 %	Fundamental component of the current I_1
DIN EN 61000-3-2	Electric vehicle	1.14 A	Absolute current I_1

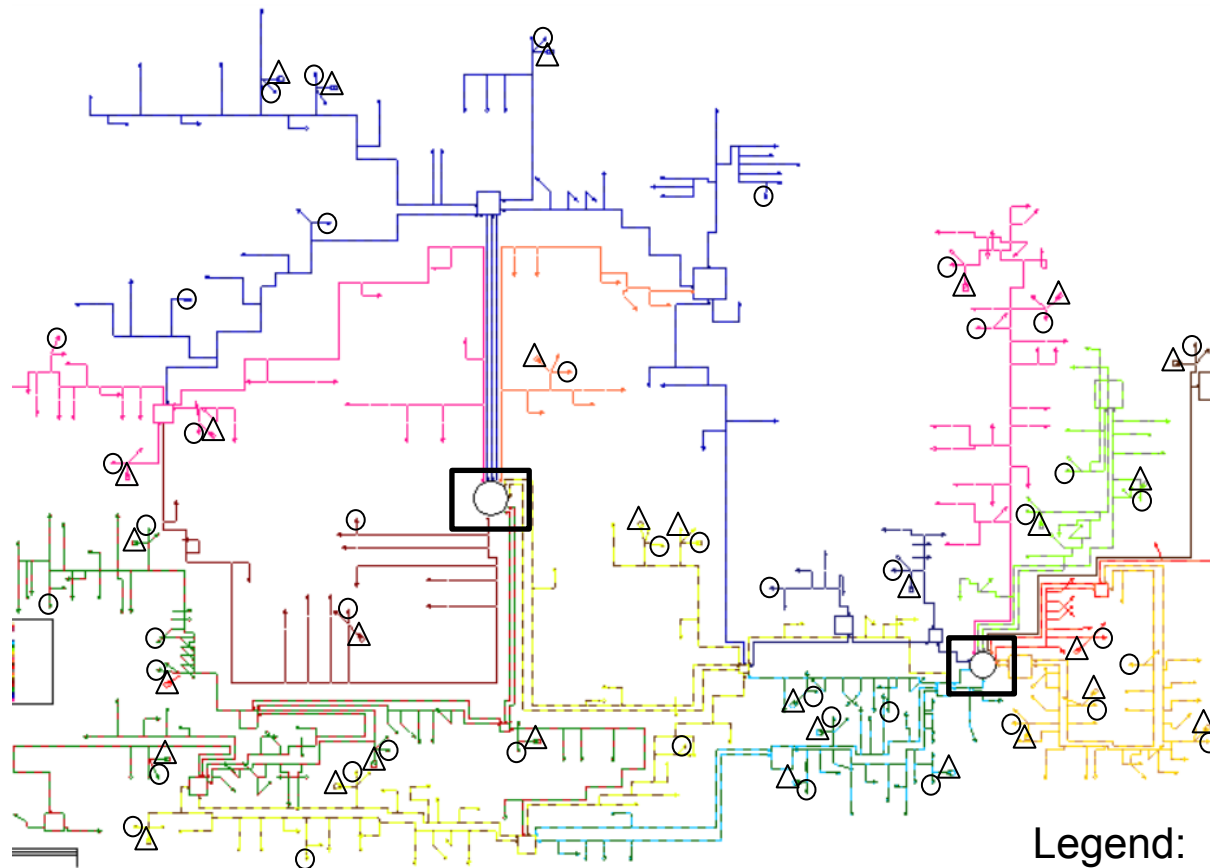
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Grid details

Parameters of the grid:

- Position: Provincial town close to a large city
- 2 transformers (T1, T2) of a local distribution system: 0.63 MVA
- Household loads: 292
- Photovoltaic systems: max. 30 rooftops à 4 kWp
- Electric vehicles: max. 44 in 2030



Legend:

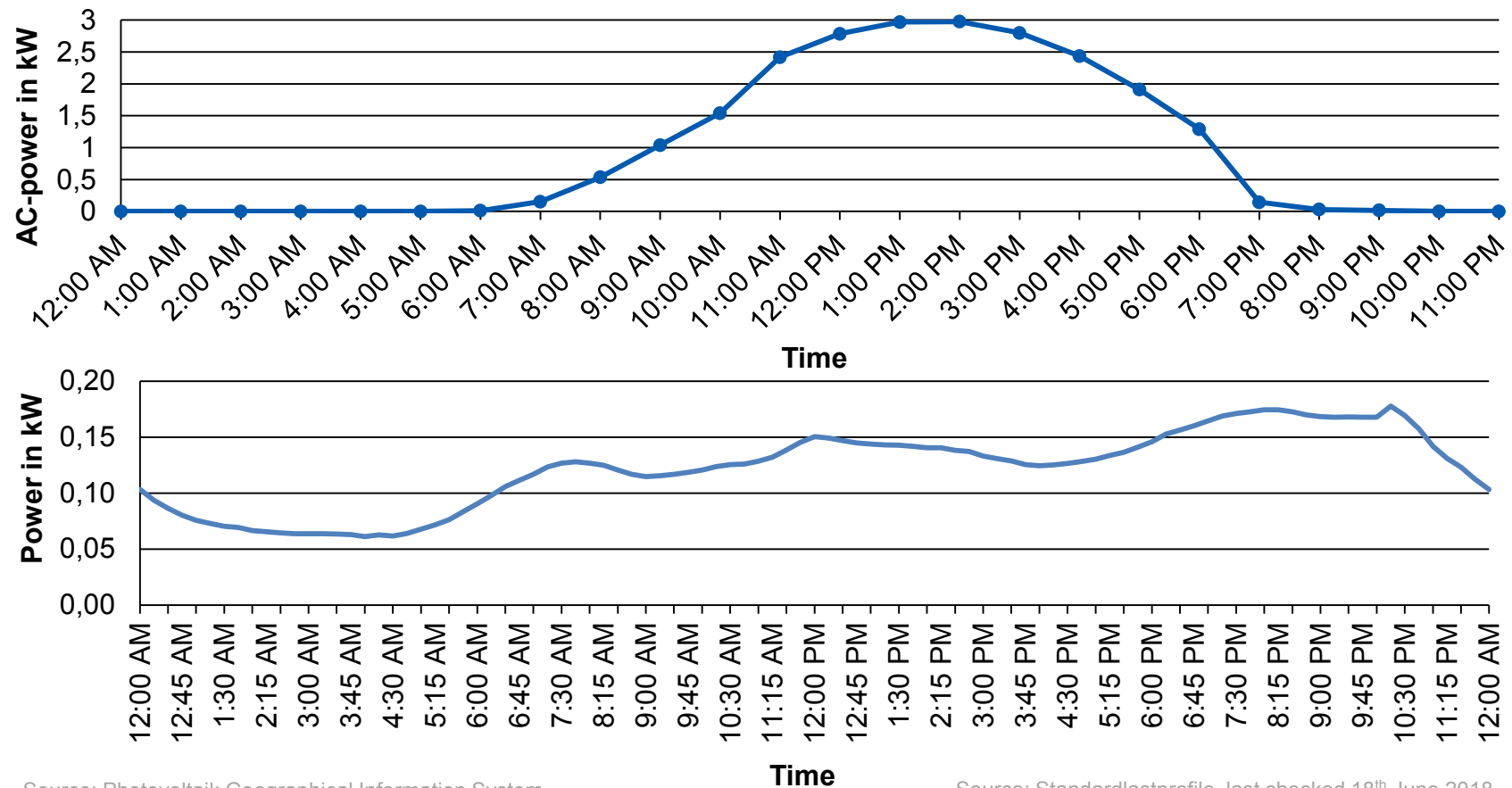
- △ PV-system
- EV
- Transformer

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Grid modelling: Load profiles in summer

Performance of one PV-system, installed load of 4 kWp;
 Standard load profile for one person per household at a weekday,
 Loading increase according to network operator: 1 % per year

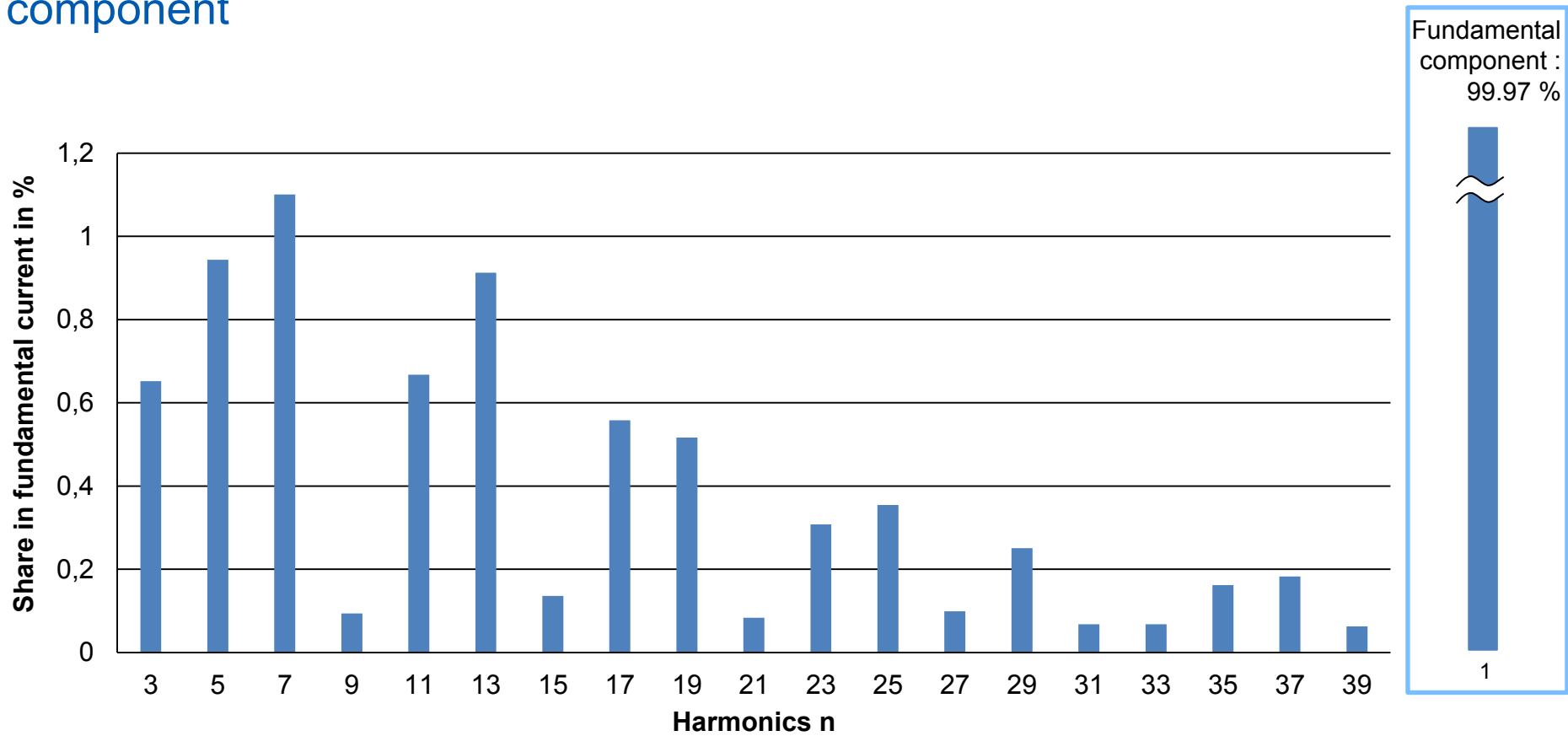


Source: Photovoltaik Geographical Information System, http://re.jrc.ec.europa.eu/pvg_tools/en/tools.html, last checked 18th of June 2018

Source: Standardlastprofile, last checked 18th June 2018 <https://swe-emmendingen.de/strom-netz/lastprofile/>

Grid modelling: Spectrum PV

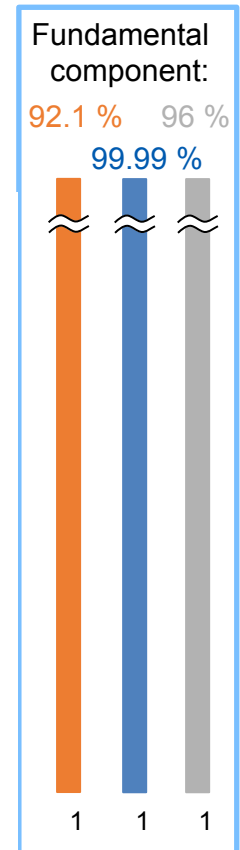
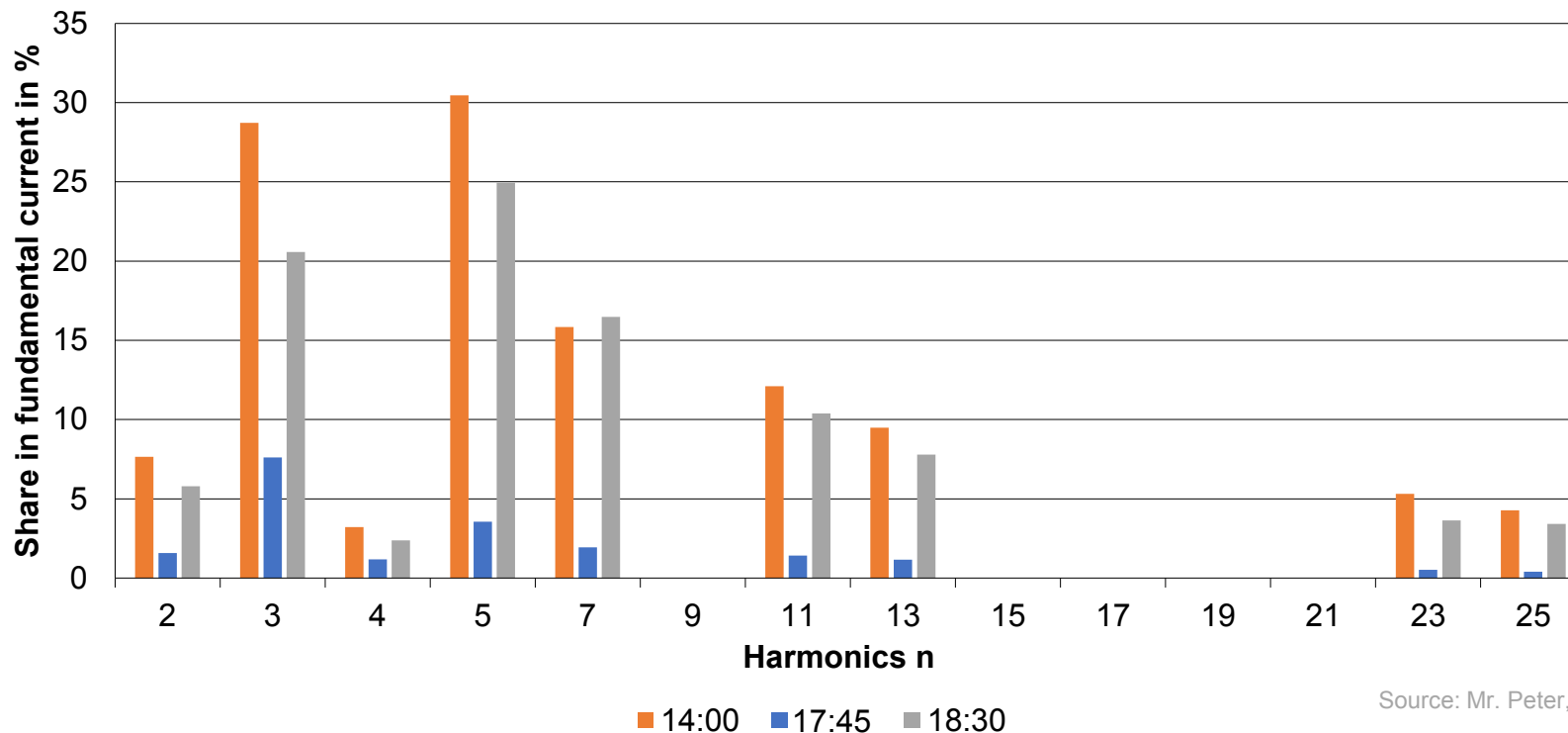
Spectrum of a photovoltaic system in percentage of the fundamental component



Source: Mr. Peter, PSC – Power Systems Consulting

Grid modelling: Spectrum Households

Spectrum of one household at different times



Source: Mr. Peter, PSC – Power Systems Consulting

Grid modelling: EV

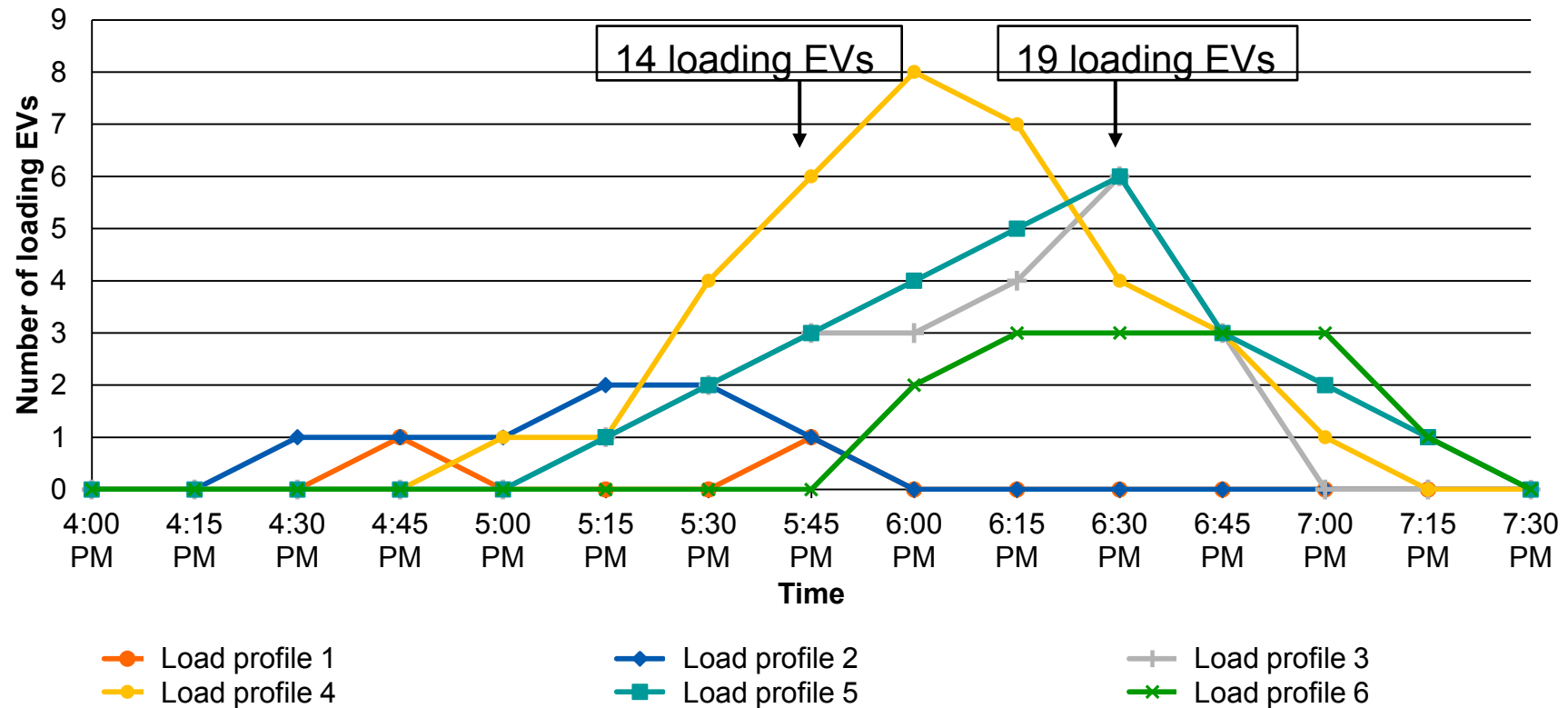
Six user profiles of the electric vehicles

Profile	Distance	Assumed covered distance per day	Numbers of persons out of 44 users
1 st profile	under 10 km	5 km	2
2 nd profile	11 - 20 km	15 km	8
3 rd profile	21 - 40 km	30 km	11
4 th profile	41 - 65 km	53 km	12
5 th profile	66 - 100 km	83 km	8
6 th profile	over 100 km	110 km	3

Source: study: Mobilität in Deutschland 2008, own calculation

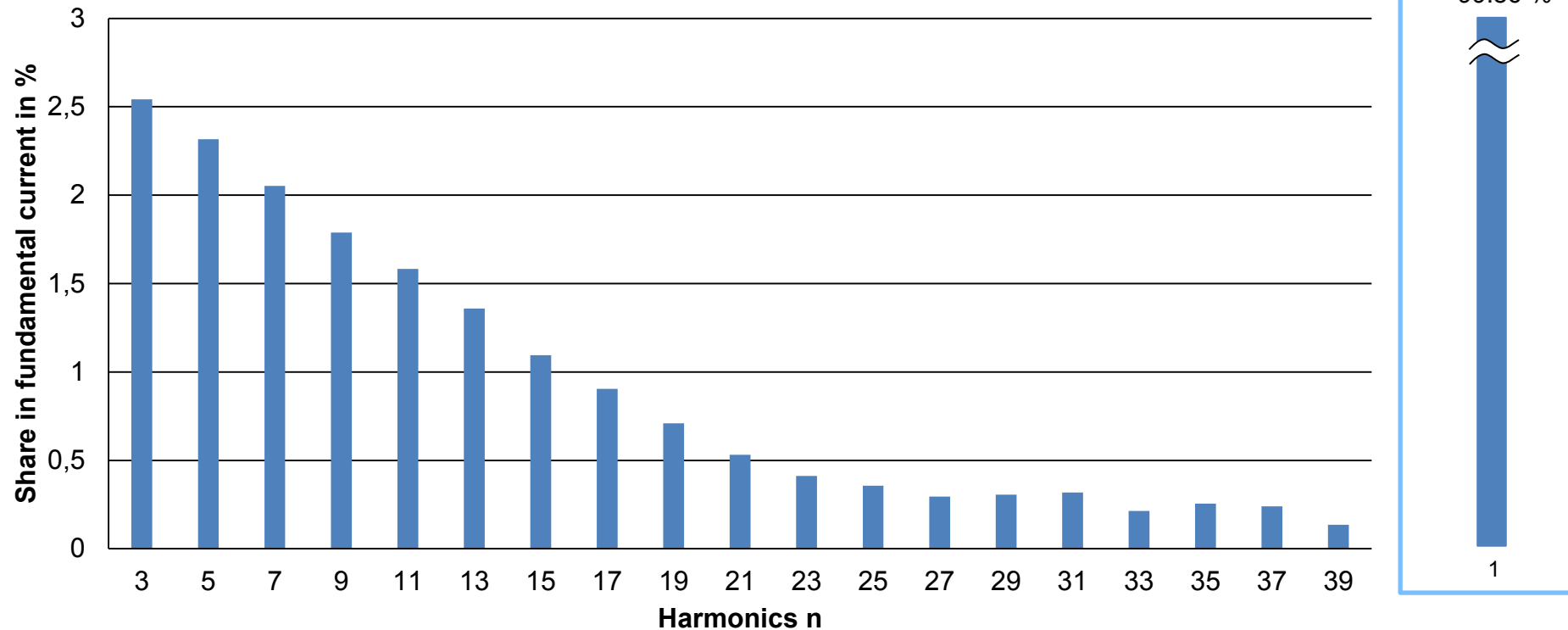
Grid modelling: EV

Simultaneous loading of electric vehicles in the year 2030



Grid modelling: EV

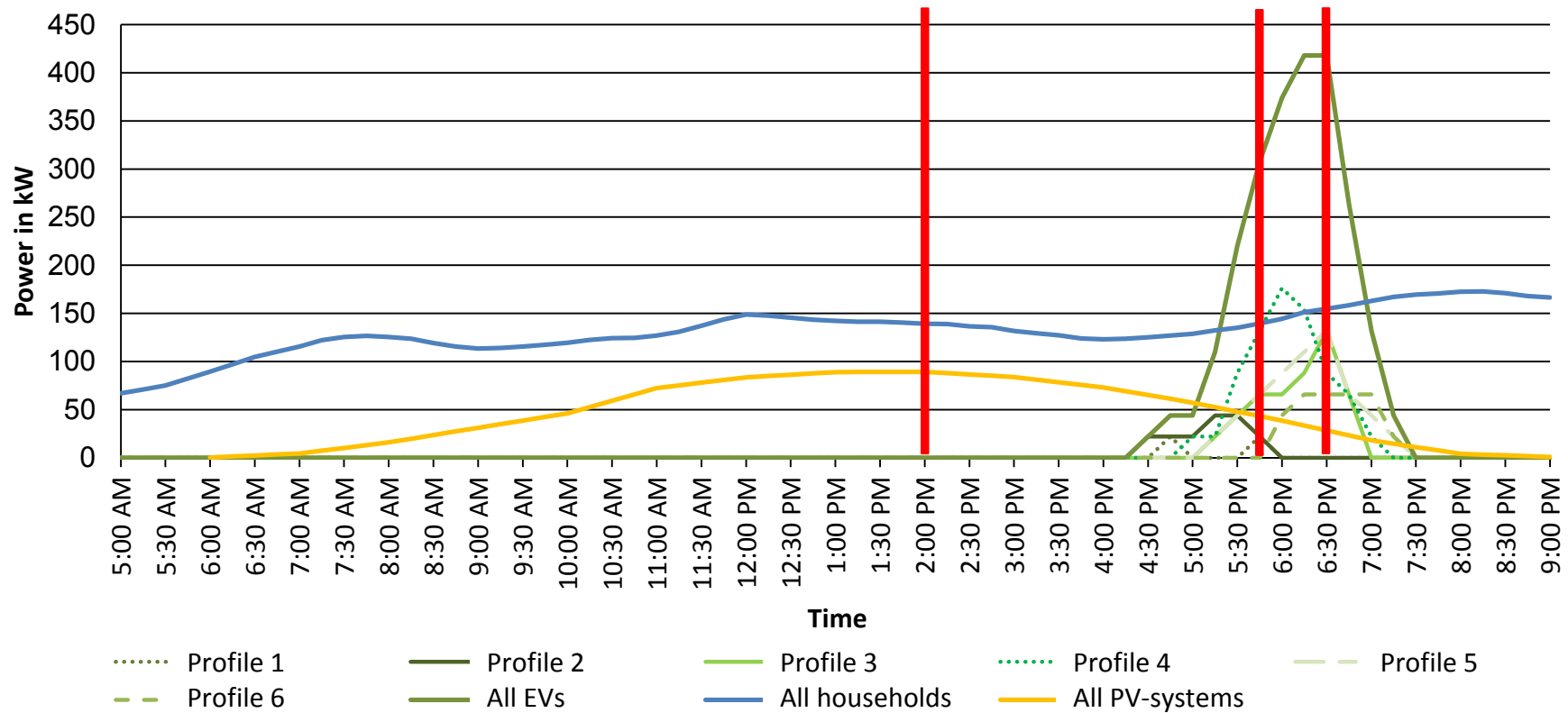
Spectrum of one electric vehicle, three-phase loading with 22 kW



Source: study ElmoNetQ, TU Dresden

Grid modelling: Instant of times

Profiles of all generator and consumer loads in 2030, at 2 pm, 5:45 pm and 6:30 pm



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Results: Power flow

Load distribution 2030

292 households (T1: 118 households, T2: 147 households)

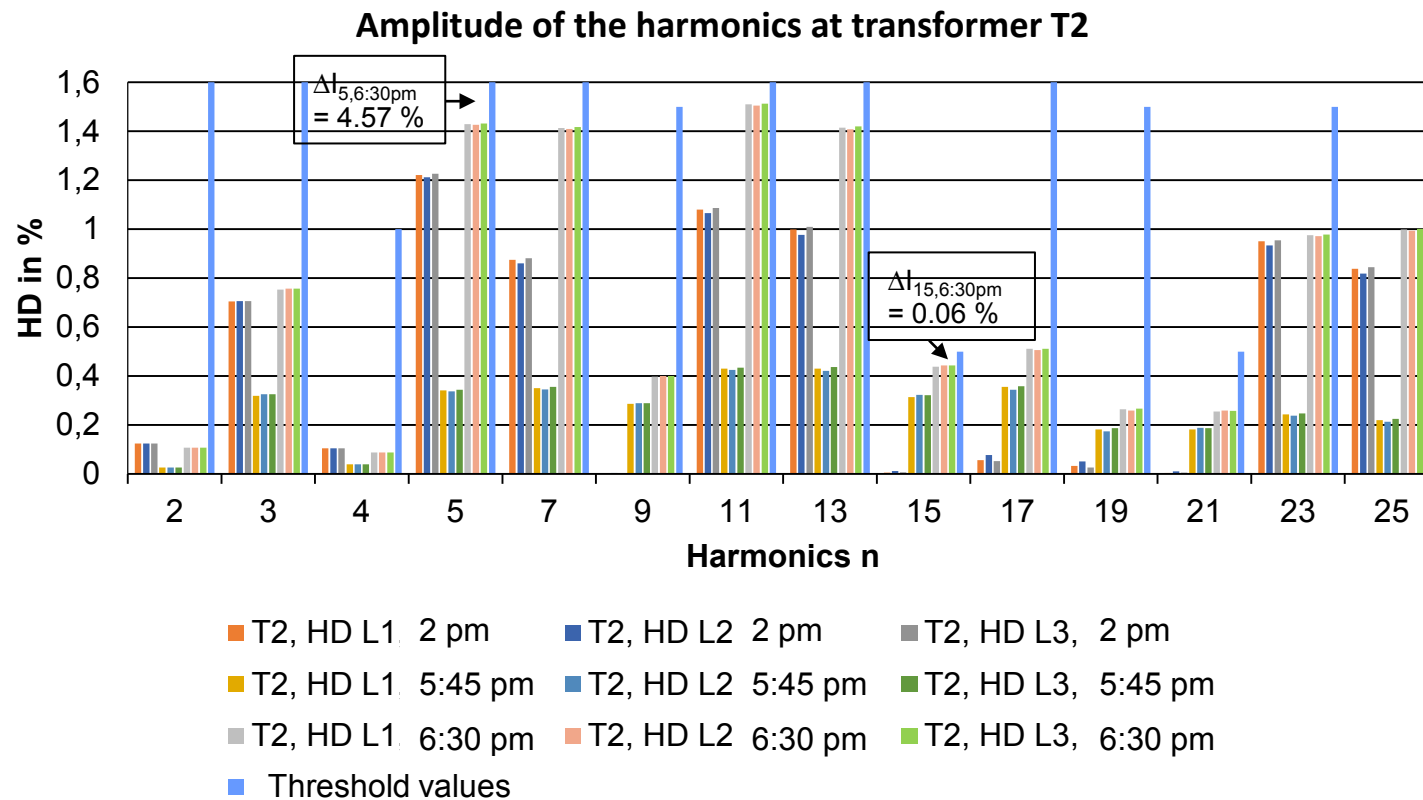
44 EVs, three-phase loading with 22 kW

30 PV-systems, each installed load: 4 kWp

Time	Number of loading EVs at T1	Number of loading EVs at T2	P_{1_PV} 2030	Load of household in %	Load households T1	Load households T2	Total load T1	Total load T2
2 pm	0	0	2.98 kW	79.1 %	56.2 kW	82.9 kW	15.2 kW	35.5 kW
5:45 pm	6	8	1.44 kW	79.3 %	56.4 kW	83.1 kW	169.3 kW	242.5 kW
6:30 pm	8	11	0.95 kW	88 %	62.5 kW	92.2 kW	234.8 kW	323.6 kW

Results 2030

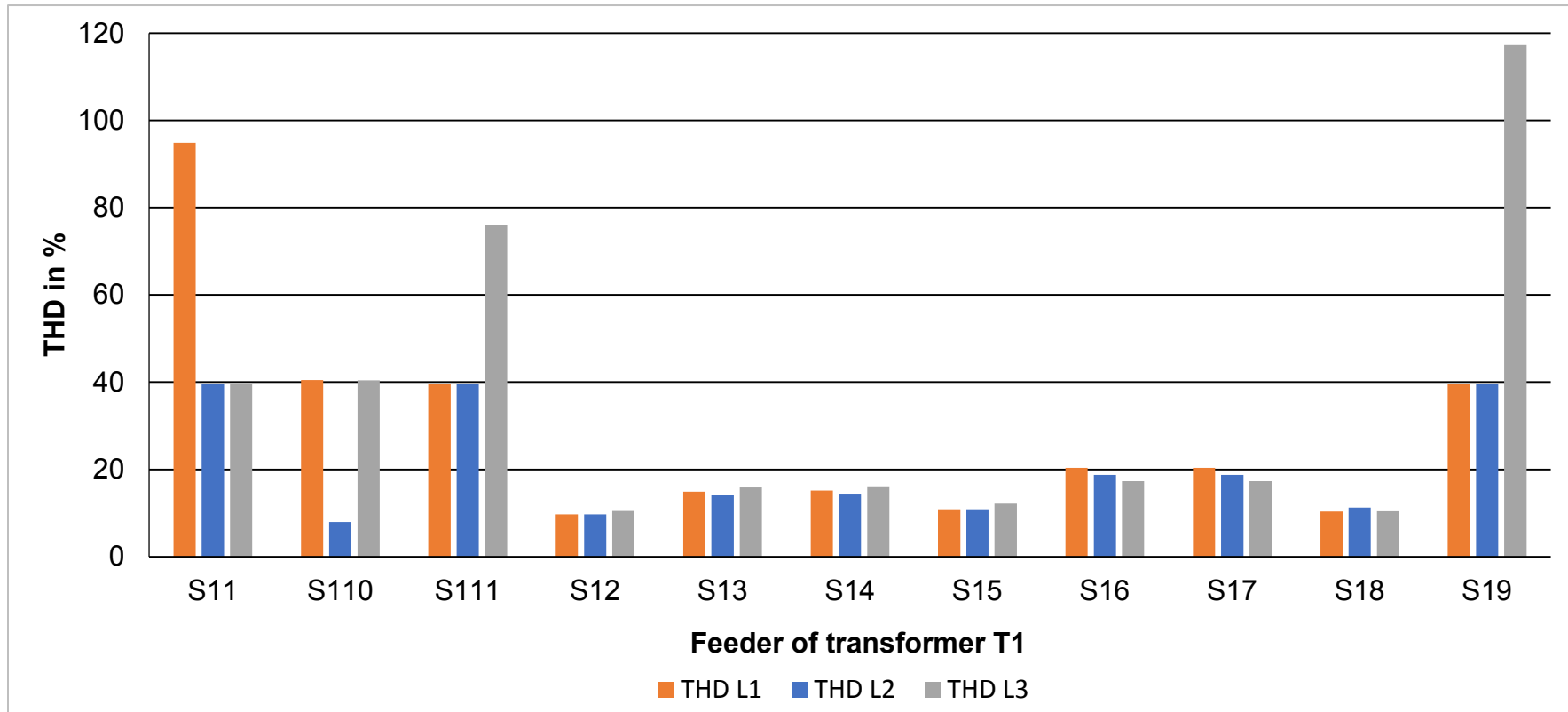
Thresholds will be observed, highest load at 6:30 pm



Order	Threshold value
2	2
3	5
4	1
5	6
7	5
9	1.5
11	3.5
13	3
15	0.5
17	2
19	1.5
21	0.5
23	1.5
25	1.5

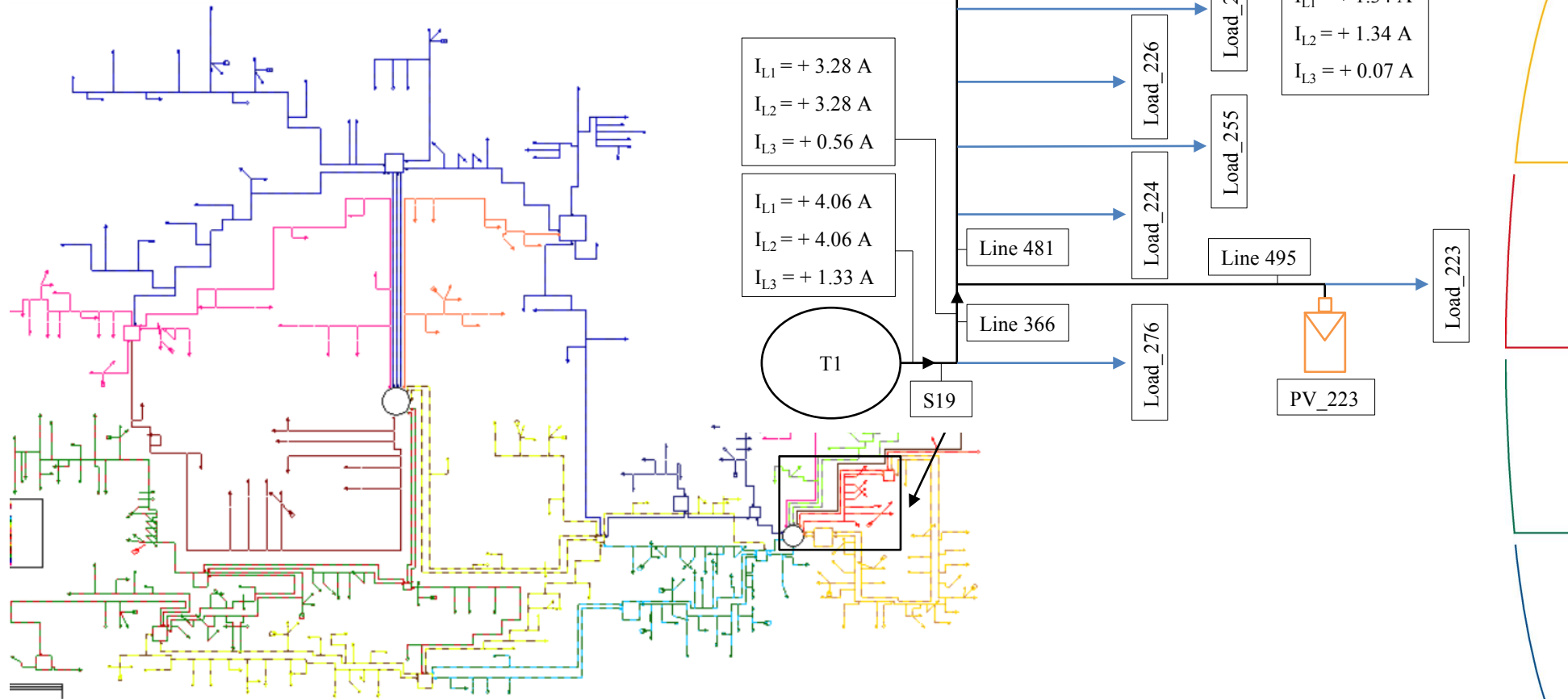
Results 2030

THD current values of transformer T1 feeder, THDi value S19: 117.3 %



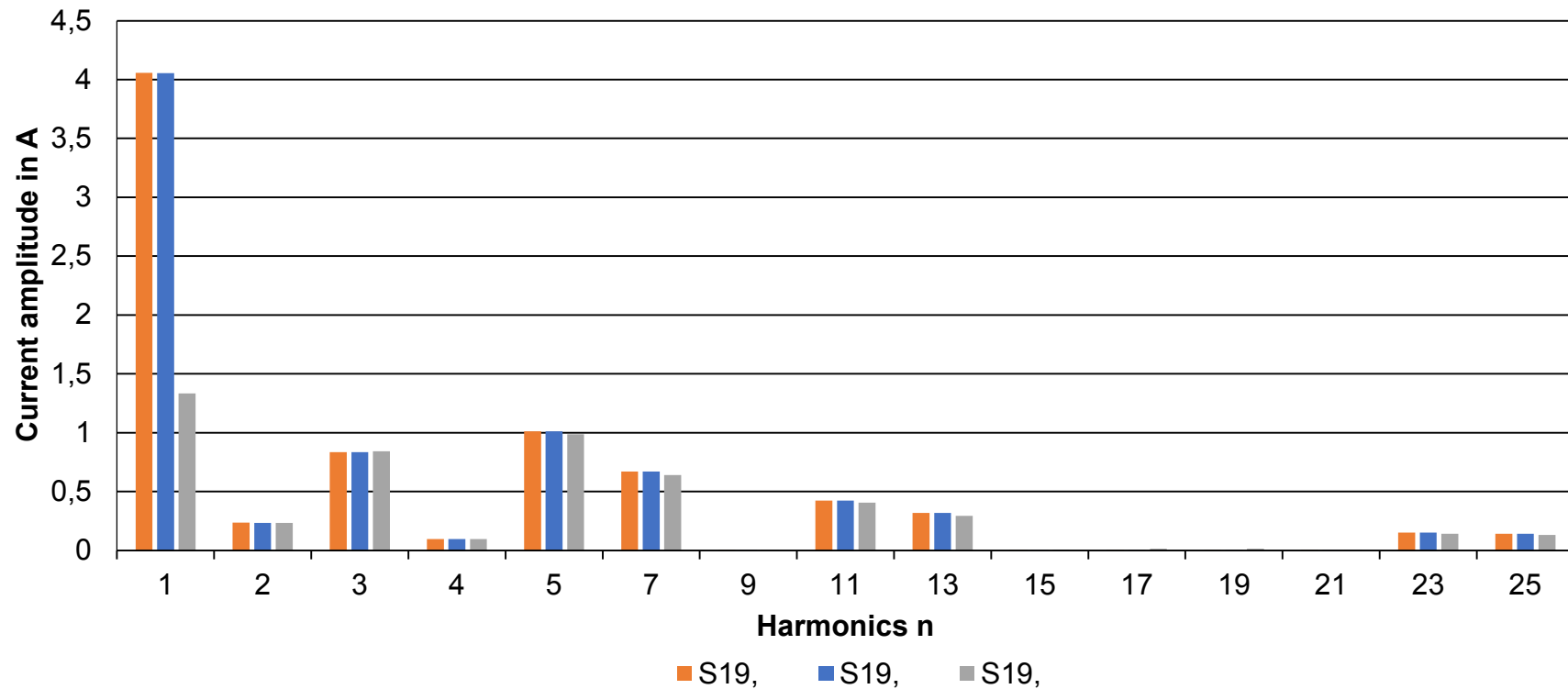
Results: Feeder S19

High THD value in the 3rd phase in feeder S19



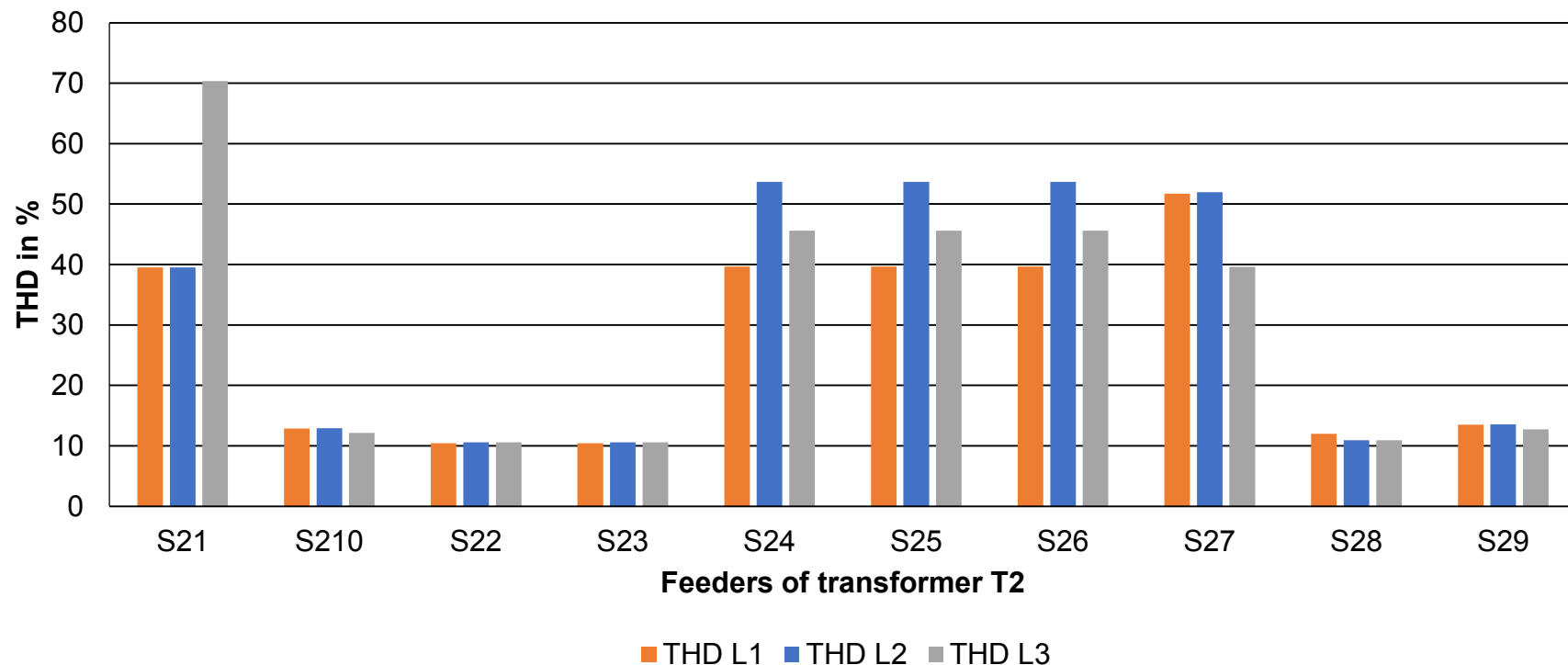
Results: Feeder S19

Spectrum of the current of S19, THD value in the 3rd phase: 117.3 %



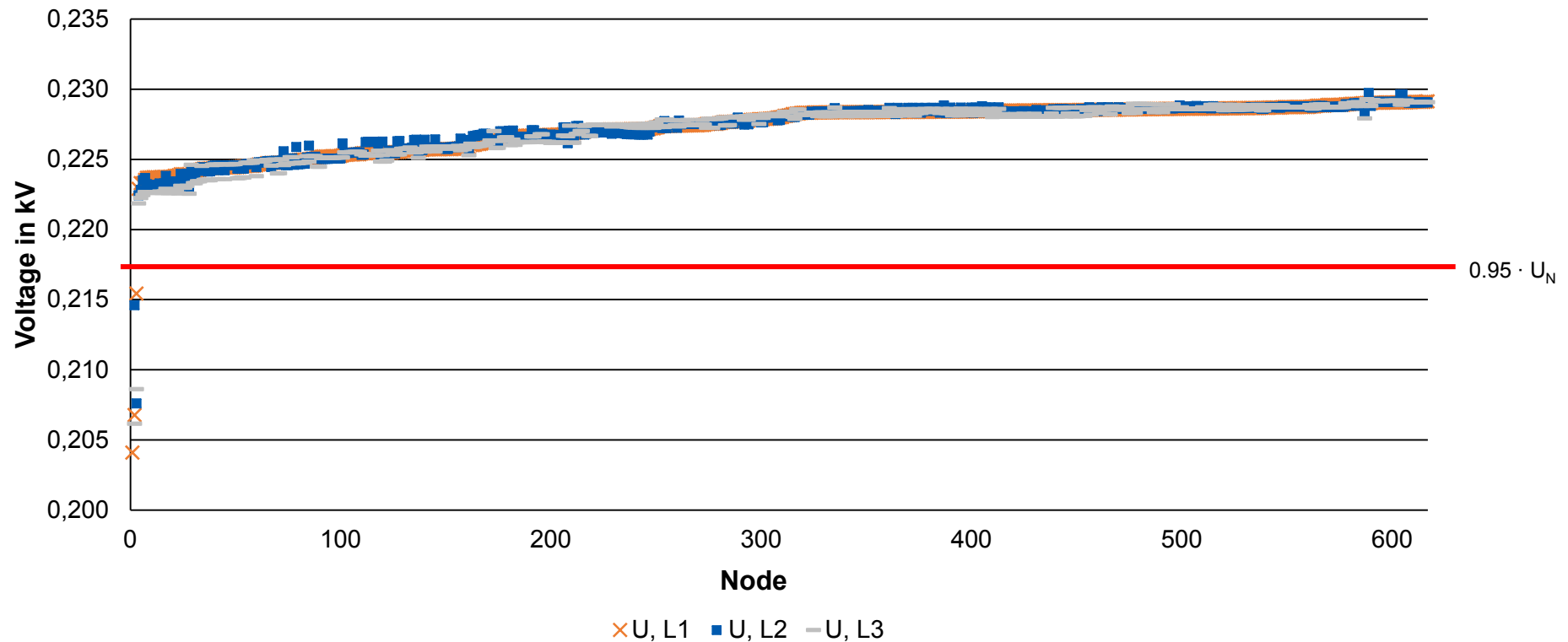
Results: Feeder of transformer T2

THD current values of the feeder of transformer T2, low THDi values at feeders with EVs



Results: voltage stress level

Voltage undercut at four nodes, off-limit condition



Conclusion

- a. Compliance of all threshold values, small reserve at 15th and 21st harmonics as a reason of EVs → possible problems in future
- b. Some high THD current values due to single-phase feeding of PV systems → no problem due to low currents
- c. EVs reduce THD current values due to the higher supply current
- d. Location of home plug in the low-voltage public network critical with reference to voltage criterion (95 %)
- e. Operating grade of transformers and lines is not exceeding 60 % for the simulated scenarios, in case of outages (transformer, main cable) critical

Conclusion

(But with the addition), the results are heavily dependent on the assumptions made, such as

- a. Electric vehicle: number, loading time, start time of the loading process
- b. Feeding of PV systems
- c. Number of PV-systems and loads at one feeder
- d. Spectra (measured 2017)

Thank you!

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